

TABLE 5.—Recorded mineral production from lode deposits in the Sheep Mountain Wilderness study area

[From U.S. Bureau of Mines statistical files. Copper production was 707 lb (321 kg) in 1934 and 650 lb (295 kg) in 1935; lead production was 1,296 lb (588 kg) in 1934 ]

Year	Mine	Ore		Gold		Silver	
		tons	(t)	troy oz	(g)	troy oz	(g)
1896	Big Horn	?	---	16	(500)	---	---
1903	.do	500	(450)	121	(3,780)	---	---
1904	.do	4,171	(3,784)	597	(18,600)	126	(3,920)
1905	.do	5,028	(4,561)	528	(16,400)	131	(4,070)
1906	.do	6,692	(6,071)	793	(24,700)	147	(4,570)
1907	.do	3,000	(2,700)	485	(15,100)	1,191	(37,040)
1908	.do	5	(4)	3	(90)	---	---
1921	Gold Dollar	90	(82)	20	(620)	3	(90)
1923	.do	25	(23)	11	(340)	3	(90)
1924	.do	50	(45)	26	(810)	4	(120)
1928	.do	50	(45)	10	(310)	2	(60)
1933	.do	50	(45)	6	(190)	1	(30)
	Stanley-Miller	50	(45)	13	(400)	5	(160)
1934	Allison	800	(725)	97	(3,020)	29	(900)
	Big Horn	255	(230)	226	(7,030)	381	(11,850)
	Gold Dollar	200	(180)	19	(590)	4	(120)
	Stanley-Miller	210	(190)	38	(1,180)	10	(310)
1935	Allison	2,013	(1,826)	200	(6,220)	55	(1,710)
	Baldora (Widco)	509	(462)	92	(2,860)	22	(680)
	Big Horn	11,200	(10,160)	777	(24,200)	395	(12,300)
	Gold Dollar	215	(195)	36	(1,120)	6	(190)
1936	Allison	2,835	(2,570)	331	(10,300)	88	(2,740)
	Baldora (Widco)	203	(184)	18	(560)	5	(160)
	Big Horn	200	(180)	155	(4,820)	59	(1,840)
	Gold Dollar	215	(195)	36	(1,120)	6	(190)
1937	Allison	2,066	(1,874)	275	(8,550)	83	(2,580)
	Gold Dollar	300	(270)	35	(1,090)	7	(220)
	Stanley-Miller	359	(326)	6	(190)	5	(160)
1938	Allison	175	(160)	14	(440)	4	(120)
	Gold Dollar	20	(18)	3	(90)	1	(30)
	Stanley-Miller	37	(34)	2	(60)	1	(30)
1939	Baldora (Widco)	500	(450)	55	(1,710)	14	(440)
1940	Allison	1,480	(1,340)	171	(5,320)	44	(1,370)
	Baldora (Widco)	110	(100)	17	(530)	5	(160)
1941	Allison	684	(621)	56	(1,740)	17	(530)
1942	.do	317	(288)	20	(620)	7	(220)
1943	.do	120	(110)	2	(60)	3	(90)
	Total	44,734	(40,582)	5,310	(165,200)	2,864	(89,080)

## PREVIOUS STUDIES

Reports on investigations of mineral properties by the California Division of Mines and Geology (Sampson, 1937; Gay and Hoffman, 1954; Clark, 1970) as well as individual company data were used to supplement data collected during the present study.

In 1928 certain lands in Angeles National Forest were withdrawn from mineral entry "\*\*\*\*to conserve water resources and to encourage reforestation of the watershed of Los Angeles County" (Public Law 578, 70th Congress). Withdrawn lands within the Sheep Mountain Wilderness study area (fig. 11) total approximately 25,000 acres (10,000 ha), or more than 45 percent of the area. Existing mines were not directly affected, but land withdrawal has probably discouraged further exploration. Lode mining continued during the 1930's,